TECNOCIENCIA

ON THE IDENTITY OF HOG-NOSED PIT-VIPERS FROM WESTERN PANAMA: A REVIEW OF SPECIMENS OF PORTHIDIUM LANSBERGII (SCHLEGEL, 1841) IN LOWER CENTRAL AMERICA.

SOBRE LA IDENTIDAD DE LAS VÍBORAS DE NARIZ DE CERDO DEL OESTE DE PANAMÁ: UNA REVISIÓN DE ESPECÍMENES DE PORTHIDIUM LANSBERGII (SCHLEGEL, 1841) EN BAJA CENTROAMERICA

Monteza-Moreno, Claudio Manuel; Ramos, Carlos; Martínez, Victor; Sasa, Mahmood

D Claudio Manuel Monteza-Moreno

cmmonteza@ucdavis.edu Smithsonian Tropical Research Institute, Panamá **Carlos Ramos** laito52@yahoo.com Universidad de Panamá, Panamá **Victor Martínez** pvmartinez@gmail.com Universidad de Costa Rica, San José, Costa Rica

Mahmood Sasa msasamarin@gmail.com Universidad de Costa Rica, Costa Rica

Tecnociencia Universidad de Panamá, Panamá ISSN: 1609-8102 ISSN-e: 2415-0940 Periodicity: Semestral vol. 22, no. 2, 2020 Luis.rodriguez@up.ac.pa

Received: 06 January 2020 Accepted: 13 February 2020

URL: http://portal.amelica.org/ameli/ jatsRepo/224/2241149002/index.html



This work is licensed under Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 4.0 International. Abstract: Porthidium lansbergii is a relatively abundant pit viper in semiarid environments from eastern Panama, through the Caribbean plains and Magdalena Valley in Colombia to northeastern Venezuela. Like other members of this genus, P. lansbergii exhibits great variation in scutellation and other morphological characters, a situation that has complicated the taxonomy and identification of populations assigned to the species. In Lower Central America, P. lansbergii is known to inhabit seasonally-dry environments of the Pacific slopes of western Panama. Here, we aimed to clarify the taxonomic status of some enigmatic specimens collected in western Panama, with morphological ambiguity, resembling P. lansbergii. We used the mitochondrial marker cytochrome oxidase b to perform a Bayesian phylogenetic analysis, to evaluate the affinities of these specimens with P. lansbergii individuals from central and eastern Panama, and Venezuela. We also analyzed meristic morphological characters to discriminate among populations of <u>P. lansbergii</u> in Panama, including other species of the Porthidium genus. Our analyses indicate that the enigmatic individuals do not differ from others individuals identified as P. lansbergii, thus forming a monophyletic group. We conclude that P. lansbergii has a more extended range than currently recognized including the western Pacific in Panama.

Keywords: Porthidium lansbergii, Viperidae, morphometric characters, mitochondrial DNA, distribution, taxonomy.

Resumen: *Porthidium lansbergii* es una víbora relativamente abundante en ambientes semiáridos. Se distribuye desde el oeste panameño, hacia las llanuras del Caribe y el Valle de Magdalena en Colombia, hasta el noreste de Venezuela. Similar a otras especies del género, *P. lansbergii*, exhibe gran variación en su lepidosis y otros caracteres morfológicos. Esta situación taxonómica crea escenarios complejos para la identificación de ejemplares de esta especie. En Centro América, *P. lansbergii* es conocida por habitar ambientes estacionales, mayormente secos, en el este y sur de Panamá. Sin embargo, este trabajo



Non-profit publishing model to preserve the academic and open nature of scientific communication

procura aclarar el estado taxonómico de algunos especímenes enigmáticos colectados en el oeste de Panamá, con ambigüedad morfológica y que se asemejan a *P. lansbergii*. Utilizamos el marcador mitocondrial citocromo oxidasa b para evaluar las afinidades de estos especímenes con individuos de *P. lansbergii* de centro y este de Panamá, así como de Venezuela, mediante análisis filogenético Bayesiano. Realizamos un análisis de caracteres morfométricos para discriminar entre poblaciones de *P. lansbergii* en Panamá, incluyendo otras especies del género. Nuestros resultados sugieren que los individuos enigmáticos no difieren de *P.lansbergii*, formando un grupo monofilético. Concluimos que la distribución de *P. lansbergii* incluye tierras del oeste pacifico panameño y es más amplia de lo que se reconoce actualmente.

Palabras clave: Porthidium lansbergii, Viperidae, caracteres morfométricos, ADN mitocondrial, distribución, taxonomía.

INTRODUCTION

The genus Porthidium was described by Edward D. Cope (1871) to assign the nominal species *P. nasutum* and *P.lansbergii*, recognizing several anatomical features that separate them from other species then included in *Bothrops* (Bocourt, 1868) and *Trigonocephalus* (Schlegel 1841), respectively. As currently accepted, *Porthidium* includes nine small to medium sized pit-viper species that exhibit cryptic coloration and are often referred to as the *hog-nosed pit-vipers* due to their characteristic high rostral scale that tends to elevate –slightly or greatly– the tip of the snout (Campbell and Lamar, 2004; Köhler, 2003). Snakes in this genus are distributed at low to mid elevations in mesic and dry regions throughout most of Mesoamerica south to northwestern South America Campbell and Lamar, 2004), comprising a monophyletic clade that has close affinities with the genera *Cerrophidion* and *Metlapilcoatlus* (Castoe et al., 2005; Campbell et al., 2019).

Most species within *Porthidium* are relatively abundant within their distributions, but the extent of variation in morphological and color pattern traits –and the great overlap of meristic characters among nominal species– have complicated proper identification throughout their range. Furthermore, early researchers created taxonomic confusion by including closely related *Porthidium* species into their description of nominal species (see Campbell and Lamar, 2004 for a review). Thus, it is not surprising that comprehensive morphological and/or molecular analyses of wide ranged species have revealed the existence of distinct populations that represent cryptic species, following their own evolutionary trajectory. For instance, P. porrasi, a hog-nosed pit-viper that inhabits lowland mesic forest in the southern Pacific of Costa Rica (Lamar and Sasa, 2003), was previously recognized as a distinct population of *P. nasutum* (Porras et al., 1981; Savage, 2002).

In the case of *P. lansbergii* (type-locality: Turbaco, Colombia), the

problem has been even more complicated. For this species, several subspecies have been previously proposed, and it was suspected that *P. lansbergii* may be polytypic (Campbell and Lamar 1989, 2004). The distributional range of *P. lansbergii* includes the Caribbean plains and the Magdalena Valley in northern Colombia eastward to northern and central Venezuela, including the Maracaibo basin, ranging in elevation from sea level to at least 1270 m (Campbell and Lamar, 2004). The species also occurs in coastal plains of the Pacific from eastern (Darien region) to central Panama (Fig 1.). Along its range, *P. lansbergii* occurs mainly in seasonally dry environments, although it also inhabits humid forests of eastern Panama and Colombia (Campbell and Lamar, 2004).

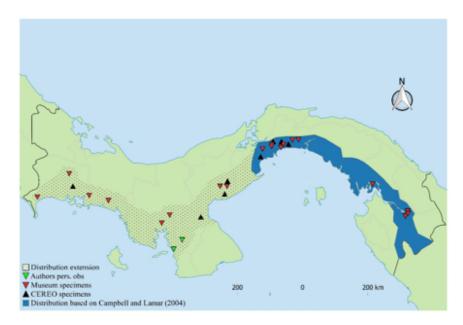


FIG. 1 Distribution of P. lansbergii in Panama.

Map of Panama showing the distribution based on Campbell and Lamar (2004) in blue; specimens from the CEREO collection in black triangles, from museums in red triangles, and observed by authors in green triangles. Point patterns represents the extended distribution for *P. lansbergii* presented herein

Although *P. lansbergii* has been extensively collected in central and eastern Panama, its status in western Panama remains unclear. A few

museum records account for collection localities scattered throughout the Pacific coast on the occidental provinces of Chiriqui, Veraguas, and Cocle. For instance, H. Clark recorded an individual in 1936 from Puerto Armuelles, in Chiriqui Province (MCZ:Herp:R-42731, Fig. 2), which represents a range extension over 350 km from known localities in central Panama. Moreover, several enigmatic individuals, with ambiguous morphology, were collected at some localities in the western Pacific of Panama (Fig. 3). These specimens were housed at the snake collection in the 'Centro para Investigaciones y Respuestas en Ofidiología (CEREO), Facultad de Ciencias Naturales, Exactas y Tecnologia' at the University of Panama. Based only in the folidosis, these specimens were, tentatively, identified as P. cf. lansbergii by Martinez, V. However, the atypical coloration patterns observed (V. Martinez, pers. obs.) in these individuals made their taxonomy confusing (Fig. 3). Therefore, we aimed to clarify these enigmatic individuals' identification. We compared morphometric characters, sequenced mitochondrial DNA fragment cytochrome oxidase b and conducted an intensive literature search. We formally assigned them to P. lansbergii, thus providing strong evidence to support that its distributional range should be extended to the western Pacific slope of Panama

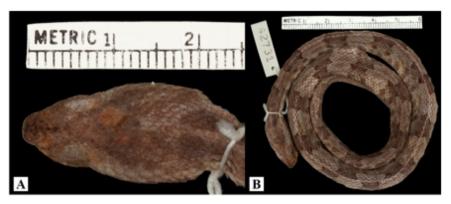


FIG. 2 Specimen collected by H. Clark in Puerto Armuelles, Chiriqui (western Panama), with museum record MCZ:Herp:R-42731

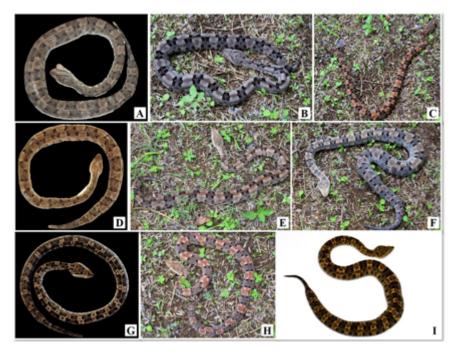


FIG. 3 P. lansbergii specimens collected from central Panama (figs. 3B, C, D, G, H) and western Panama (figs. 3A, E, F, I)

METHODS

We assessed the morphological traits that discriminate between *Porthidium lansbergii* from Panama and related species within the genus. We performed morphological analysis on 9 enigmatic *P. cf lansbergii* individuals held at the CEREO and compared them to 114 *Porthidium specimens* kept in the following institutions: California Academy of Science (CAS), Field Museum of Natural History, Chicago, IL (FMNH), Florida Museum of Natural History (FLMNH), University of Kansas Natural History Museum and Biodiversity Center (KU), Museum of Vertebrate Zoology, University of California, Berkeley (MVZ), Museo de Zoologia, Universidad de Costa Rica (MZUCR), and the National Museum of Natural History (NMNH).

Claudio Manuel Monteza-Moreno, et al. ON THE IDENTITY OF HOG-NOSED PIT-VIPERS FROM WESTERN PANAMA:...

In total, we included 4 P. lansbergii specimens from eastern Panama, 15

from central Panama, and 9 *P. cf lansbergii* from western Panama (see Table 1 for specimens' localities); 39 *P. ophryomegas*, 3 *P. volcanicum*, 3 P. porrasi, and 50 *P. nasutum* (see Table 2 for meristic data). For each specimen, we identified sex and counted the number of body blotches, as well as the number of the following scales: dorsal (at head, mid-body, and anal region), ventral, caudal, supralabial, infralabial, canthal and internasal. We also measured total body length and tail length (to the nearest 0.1cm). Sexual dimorphism in meristic characters was evaluated using parametric mean comparisons. We applied Principal Component Analysis (PCA) to the correlation matrix to determine the existence of patterns in scale meristic characters among populations of all Porthidium species included, as well as among specimens of *P. cflansbergii* and *P. lansbergii* to distinguish subpopulations. We implemented all statistical analyses in JMP Pro 13^{*} (SAS Institute Inc, 1989-2019).

visualized with TreeView. In addition to our Panamanian samples (sequences for *P. lansbergii* specimens are available per request to the corresponding author), we included the following *Porthidium* sequences as ingroups or near outgroups (GenBank[®] accession numbers): *P. lansbergii* (DQ061206, central Panama) and (AY223582, Venezuela); *P.arcosae* (AF292575); P. dunni (DQ061218); *P. nasutum* (AY223579); *P. ophryomegas* (DQ061241, plus two individuals from Costa Rica housed at Instituto Clodomiro Picado); *P. porrasi* (DQ061211); and *P. yucatanicum* (DQ061215). In addition, sequences from Metlapilcoatlus nummifer (=mexicanus; AY223584), Atropoides. picadoi (DQ061197), Cerrophidion godmani (AY223578), *C. petlalcalensis* (DQ061202.1), and *C. tzotzilorum* (DQ061204) were assigned as outgroups.

Voucher	Region	Locality	Year	Collector
CEREO-120	Central	Las Pavas, Arraijan, Panama Oeste province	NA	NA
CEREO-213	Central	Tocumen, Panama province	NA	NA
CAS-21061	Central	Canal Zone, vic. Fort Clayton, Panama province	1958	"H.M. Smith"
CAS-21062	Central	Canal Zone, vic. Fort Clayton, Panama province	1958	"H.M. Smith"
MVZ-78766	Central	Chepo (9.16667, -79.1), Panama province	1964	N. Gale
FLMNH-39818	Central	NA	1968	Sam R. Telford
FLMNH-74277	Central	Canal Zone, Panama province	1967	D. Bruce Means
FMNH-Chi-68051	Central	NA	NA	NA
CEREO-112	Central	San Juan de Pequeni, Pacora, Panama province	NA	NA
CERE 0-116	Central	NA	NA	NA
CEREO-118	Central	El Palmar, Panama province	NA	NA
CAS-98362	Centra1	Tocumen Airport (8.18333, -77.68333), Panama	1964	"T.J. Paperfuss"
		province		
FLMNH-39819	Central	NA	1968	Sam R. Telford
KU-112588	Central	Juan Diaz, Panama province	1961	NA
KU-112576	Central	28 km ENE Panama City, Rio Pacora, Panama	1965	NA
		province		
KU-112579	Eastern	Rio Tuira at Rio Mono, Darien province	1965	NA
NMNH-140676	Eastern	El Real de Santa Maria, Darien province	1958	J. Hardy
MVZ-83442	Eastern	Yaviza, Darien province	1967	C. M. Cavalier
KU-112578	Eastern	3 km E El Real, Rio Tuira, Darien province	1965	NA
CEREO-109	Western	Santiago, Veraguas province	NA	NA
CEREO-115	Western	Puerto Frio, Penonome, Cocle province	NA	NA
CEREO-235	Western	Valle de Anton, Cocle province	NA	NA
CEREO-329	Western	Las Lomas, Boquete, Chiriqui province	NA	NA
NMNH-129876	Western	Mojarras, Veraguas province	1951	M. Stirling
NMNH-297735	Western	Cerro Colorado, Escopeta Camp, ca. 23 km NE	1969-	A. Forero
		of San Felix, Chiriqui province	1980.	
FLMNH-127697	Western	NA	1970	Nicholas Nell
KU-112580	Western	5 km NW San Lorenzo, Chiriqui province	1966	NA

TABLE 1. Information of collection for P. lansbergii specimens from Panamá

TABLE 2.

Data for meristic characters for the five Porthidium species included in this study. Species 1= P. nasutum, 2= P. ophryomegas, 3= P. lansbergii, 4= P. volcanicum, 5= P. porrasi; (1) ventral scales, (2) caudal scales, (3) head dorsal scales, (4), mid-dorsal scale (5) anal dorsal scale row, (6) supralabial scales, (7) infralabial scales, (8) canthal scale, (9) internasal scale, (10) gender (0= female, 1= male), (11) body blotches, (12) total body length (cm), and (13) tail length

Museum Catalog	Species	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		9	10		12	13
MZUCR-109	1	143	28	25	23	19	10	12	1	6	1	30	51.5	4.9
MZUCR-110	1	139	27	25	23	19	10	12	1	5	1	21	58.1	6
MZUCR-162	1	138	28	23	23	19	10	12	1	5	1	22	44.2	4.5
MZUCR-1870	1	130	27	23	23	19	9	11	1	6	1	18	26	3.6
MZUCR-2721	1	136	31	23	23	19	8	10	1	6	1	28	34.9	5.5
MZUCR-2739	1	139	34	23	23	23	Q	11	1	4	1	25	314	5
MZUCR-2941	1	144	32	25	23	19	10	12	1	6	1	25	56.5	6.5
MZUCR-4647	1	139	28	23	23	19	9	11	1	5	1	24	21.6	1.8
MZUCR-5743	1	145	27	25	23	19	10	12	1	4	1	24	41.7	4
MZUCR-5998	1	144	30	27	25	21	10	12	1	5	1	18	25.5	3.2
MZUCR-6767	1	137	28	25	23	19	10	12	1	5	1	21	34.1	4.5
MZUCR-7238	1	139	27	23	23	19	10	12	1	5	1	22	48	5.6
MZUCR-10230	1	138	27	25	23	21	9	11	1	5	1	26	30.5	4.2
MZUCR-10304	1	143	31	23	23	21	9	11	1	5	1	34	32.5	4.8
MZUCR-10305	1	127	27	25	25	21	10	12	1	5	1	27	64.6	6.6
MZUCR-10362	1	131	27	25	25	21	10	12	1	5	1	19	25.1	3
MZUCR-10413	1	132	26	25	25	19	9	11	1	5	1	22	34.4	4.1
MZUCR-11150	1	135	28	23	23	19	10	12	1	5	1	27	49.8	5.7
MZUCR-12612	1	144	27	25	23	19	10	12	1	5	1	25	53	5.9
MZUCR-12809	1	141	23	27	25	21	11	13	1	5	1	20	58.4	5.5
MZUCR-13800	1	143	27	25	23	19	10	12	1	5	1	25	48.3	4.6
MZUCR-13887	1	141	27	25	23	19	9	11	1	5	1	31	61.5	6.1
MZUCR-14058	1	141	26	25	23	19	9	11	1	6	1	31	38	4.3
MZUCR-14131	1	148	30	25	23	21	10	12	1	6	1	22	60.8	6.5
MZUCR-15328	1	134	27	23	23	19	9	11	1	4	1	21	46.5	6
MZUCR-15329	1	142	29	23	23	19	10	12	1	6	1	18	58.6	6.6
MZUCR-15330	1	139	26	25	23	19	10	12	1	5	1	21	58.5	5.6
MZUCR-15331	1	142	28	25	23	19	10	12	1	6	1	23	62	6.1
MZUCR-15332	1	140	29	23	23	19	10	12	1	5	1	23	52.3	5.2
MZUCR-16540	1	143	27	23	23	19	10	12	1	5	1	25	61.5	7
MZUCR-16803	1	142	33	23	23	19	10	12	1	6	1	29	35	4.3
MZUCR-17025	1	139	27	25	23	19	11	13	1	5	1	24	46.2	5.4
MZUCR-19212	1	144	27	23	23	19	10	12	1	6	1	20	53.3	5.3
MZUCR-19821	1	141	28	25	23	19	10	12	1	6	1	20	71.3	8.1
MZUCR-20780	1	136	25	23	23	19	9	11	1	6	1	22	22.3	2.9
MZUCR-41	1	141	28	25	23	21	9	12	1	5	2	32	44.4	4.8
MZUCR-308	1	137	33	25	23	19	9	11	1	5	2	26	33.4	5

MZUCR-1431 1 135 31 25 23 10 11 1 5 2 10 33.6 5.5 MZUCR-2722 1 136 29 23 23 19 9 11 1 5 2 33.4 4.5 MZUCR-2738 1 137 29 23 19 9 11 1 5 2 33.4 4.5 MZUCR-2940 1 148 24 23 19 9 11 1 5 2 3.3.4 3.5 MZUCR-1584 1 137 31 23 23 19 9 11 1 5 2 23 15 5.5 MZUCR-1243 1 135 32 25 23 19 9 11 15 2 24 45 5.8 MZUCR-17122 136 35 25 23 19 9 11 15 2 <td< th=""><th>Museum Catalog</th><th>Species</th><th>1</th><th>2</th><th>3</th><th>4</th><th>5</th><th>6</th><th>7</th><th>8</th><th>9</th><th>10</th><th>11</th><th>12</th><th>13</th></td<>	Museum Catalog	Species	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
MZUCR-2722 1 136 29 25 25 21 10 12 1 5 2 19 35.1 4.5 MZUCR-2738 1 137 29 23 19 9 11 15 2 33.8 5.1 MZUCR-2940 1 140 29 25 23 19 9 11 16 2 27 39.5 6 MZUCR-7584 1 137 31 23 23 19 9 11 16 2 23 51 5.5 MZUCR-10665 1 138 31 25 23 19 9 11 15 2 24 7.7 2.5.8 MZUCR-15326 1 139 32 25 23 19 9 11 15 2 144.4 4 MZUCR-17370 142 20 23 23 19 9 11 15 2 138.8	•	•		31	25	23	10	0		1					5.5
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	MZUCR-2722	1	136	29	25	25	21	10	12	1	5	2	19	35.1	4.5
MZUCR-2940 1 140 29 25 23 19 9 11 1 5 2 23 33 4 3.5 MZUCR-2990 1 138 34 23 23 19 9 11 1.6 2 27 39 5 6 MZUCR-7584 1 137 23 23 19 9 11 1.5 2 23 19 2 13 1 2 23 51 5.5 MZUCR-10965 1 138 31 25 23 19 9 11 1.5 2 24 0.1 5.8 MZUCR-15326 1 139 32 23 19 9 11 1.5 2 24 28.1 4.4 MZUCR-17122 1 142 30 23 23 19 11 1.5 2 24 8.4 4.4 MZUCR-17370 1 142		1	137	29	23	23	19	9	11	1		2	25	33.8	5.1
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	MZUCR-2940		140				19							33.4	3.5
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	MZUCR-2990	1	138	34	23	23	19	9	11	1	6	2	27	39.5	6
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	MZUCR-7584	1	137	31	23	23	19	10	12	1	5	2	23	19	2.2
MZUCR-12743 1 135 32 25 23 11 10 10 1 5 2 23 7.2 5.8 MZUCR-15326 1 139 32 25 23 19 9 11 1 5 2 24 0.1 5.8 MZUCR-15327 1 136 33 25 23 19 9 11 1 5 2 24 28.1 4.4 MZUCR-17370 1 142 30 23 19 9 11 1 5 2 1 39.8 5.9 MZUCR-7761 1 168 35 25 19 9 11 2 7 1 30 17.5 2.5 MZUCR-7820 2 168 33 25 19 10 12 2 1 30 17.5 2.5 MZUCR-15280 2 174 33 25 19 10	MZUCR-8552	1	138	27	25	23	19	9	11	1	5	2	28	27	3.5
MZUCR-15326 1 139 32 25 23 19 9 11 1 5 2 22 40.1 5.8 MZUCR-17122 1 136 33 25 23 19 0 11 1 5 2 21 44.5 6.5 MZUCR-17122 1 134 28 23 23 19 10 10 1.5 2 24 28.1 4.4 MZUCR-17370 1 142 30 23 23 19 9 11 1.5 2 21 39.8 5.9 MZUCR-7181 2 168 39 27 27 11 113 2 6 1 28 32.6 8 1.6 NZUCR-7761 2 163 34 25 25 19 11 12 7 1 30 17.5 2.5 MZUCR-12357 2 160 40 25 25 19 10 12 2.6 1 28 2.2 4.5 MZUCR-15286	MZUCR-10965	1	138	31	25	25	21	10	12	1		2	23	51	5.5
MZUCR-15327 1 136 33 25 23 10 0 11 1 5 2 21 44.5 6.5 MZUCR-17122 1 134 28 23 23 19 9 11 1.5 2 24 28.1 4.4 MZUCR-3411 2 168 35 25 25 19 9 11 1.5 2 1.3 3.8 4.6 MZUCR-7188 2 168 39 27 27 21 11 1.3 2.6 1 2.8 2.6 8.1 MZUCR-7761 2 168 33 2.5 2.5 19 10 1.2 7 1 3.0 1.7.5 2.5 MZUCR-13920 2 168 33 2.5 2.5 19 10 1.2 2.6 1 2.8 2.2 4 MZUCR-15280 2 174 33 2.5 2.5 19 10 1.2 2.6 1 2.8 2.8 2.1 3.8 1.1 <td>MZUCR-12743</td> <td>1</td> <td>135</td> <td>32</td> <td>25</td> <td>23</td> <td>21</td> <td>10</td> <td>10</td> <td>1</td> <td>6</td> <td>2</td> <td>22</td> <td>37.2</td> <td>5.8</td>	MZUCR-12743	1	135	32	25	23	21	10	10	1	6	2	22	37.2	5.8
MZUCR-17122 1 134 28 23 23 19 10 10 1 5 2 24 28.1 4.4 MZUCR-17370 1 142 30 23 23 19 9 11 1 5 2 21 39.8 5.9 MZUCR-3411 2 168 35 25 25 19 9 11 2 6 1 28 33.8 4.6 MZUCR-7188 2 168 34 25 25 19 9 11 2 7 1 28 49.8 5.7 MZUCR-13200 2 168 33 25 25 19 10 12 2 5 3 67 5.5 MZUCR-13200 2 174 33 25 25 19 10 12 2 6 1 88 9.2 MZUCR-15290 2 172 34 27	MZUCR-15326	1	139	32	25	23	19	9	11	1	5	2	22	40.1	5.8
MZUCR-17370 1 142 30 23 23 19 9 11 1 5 2 11 15 2 11 15 2 11 15 2 11 15 2 11 15 2 11 11 15 2 11 11 15 2 11 11 15 11 15 1 15 14 15 14 15 16 13 16 13 16 1 16 16 13 2 17 13 16 16 17 13 14 15 2 17 13 17 13 15 16 17 13 16 17 13 16 17 13 16 17 13 16 17 13 13 17 13 17 13 17 13 17 13 17 13 13 17 13 13 13 13	MZUCR-15327	1	136	33	25	23	19	Q	11	1		2	21	44.5	6.5
MZUCR-3411 2 168 35 25 25 19 9 11 2 6 1 28 33.8 4.6 MZUCR-7188 2 168 39 27 27 21 11 13 2 6 1 28 62.6 8.1 MZUCR-7761 2 163 34 25 25 19 9 11 27 1 28 49.8 5.7 MZUCR-13920 2 168 33 25 25 19 10 12 2 1 30 17.5 2.5 MZUCR-15286 2 174 33 25 25 19 10 12 2 6 1 28 78.8 9.2 MZUCR-15290 2 173 27 25 5 19 11 12 6 1 28 27 33 9.1 MZUCR-15292 2 165 35 25	MZUCR-17122	1	134	28	23	23	19	10	10	1		2	24	28.1	4.4
MZUCR-7188 2 168 39 27 27 21 11 13 2 6 1 28 62.6 8.1 MZUCR-7761 2 163 34 25 25 19 9 11 2 7 1 28 49.8 5.7 MZUCR-12357 2 160 40 25 25 19 10 12 2 5 1 35 36.7 5.5 MZUCR-15286 2 176 37 21 27 19 10 12 2 6 1 28 22 4 MZUCR-15289 2 174 33 25 25 19 10 12 2 6 1 28 66.1 8 MZUCR-15291 2 173 27 25 5 19 11 12 6 1 28 7 19 11 12 6 13 067.4 8 <td>MZUCR-17370</td> <td>1</td> <td>142</td> <td>30</td> <td>23</td> <td>23</td> <td>19</td> <td>9</td> <td>11</td> <td>1</td> <td>5</td> <td>2</td> <td>21</td> <td>39.8</td> <td>5.9</td>	MZUCR-17370	1	142	30	23	23	19	9	11	1	5	2	21	39.8	5.9
MZUCR-7761 2 163 34 25 25 19 9 11 2 7 1 28 49.8 5.7 MZUCR-12357 2 160 40 25 25 19 10 12 2 5 1 35 36.7 5.5 MZUCR-13920 2 168 33 25 25 19 11 13 2 7 1 30 17.5 2.5 MZUCR-15286 2 174 33 25 25 19 10 12 2.6 1 28 22 4 MZUCR-15290 2 173 27 25 2.6 1 20 6.1 30 67.4 8 MZUCR-15292 2 165 35 25 25 19 10 12 2 6 1 28 22 3.5 MZUCR-15292 2 167 41 25 25 19	MZUCR-3411	2	168	35	25	25	19	9	11			1	28	33.8	4.6
MZUCR-12357 2 160 40 25 25 19 10 12 2 5 1 35 36.7 5.5 MZUCR-13920 2 168 33 25 25 19 11 13 2 7 1 30 17.5 2.5 MZUCR-15286 2 176 37 21 27 19 10 12 2 6 1 28 22 4 MZUCR-15280 2 172 34 27 27 19 10 12 2 6 1 28 7.8 9.2 MZUCR-15290 2 175 34 27 27 19 10 12 2 6 1 28 7.8 9.1 MZUCR-15292 2 165 35 25 25 19 10 12 2 6 1 28 22 3.5 MZUCR-15292 181 36	MZUCR-7188	2	168	39	÷.,	27	21	11	13	2		1	28	62.6	8.1
MZUCR-13920 2 168 33 25 25 19 11 13 2 7 1 30 17.5 2.5 MZUCR-15286 2 176 37 21 27 19 10 12 2 6 1 28 22 4 MZUCR-15289 2 174 33 25 25 19 10 12 2 5 1 28 22 4 MZUCR-15290 2 172 34 27 27 19 10 12 2 5 1 28 66.1 8 MZUCR-15290 2 173 27 25 25 19 10 11 2 6 1 29 73.3 9.1 MZUCR-15292 2 165 35 25 25 19 10 12 2 1 28 27 17 130 67.4 8 MZUCR-15295 2 167 41 25 25 19 10 12 5 1	MZUCR-7761	2	163	34	25	25	19	9	11	2	7	1	28	49.8	5.7
MZUCR-15286 2 176 37 21 27 19 10 12 2 6 1 28 22 4 MZUCR-15289 2 174 33 25 25 19 10 12 2 5 1 28 66.1 8 MZUCR-15290 2 172 34 27 27 19 10 12 2 6 1 28 78.8 9.2 MZUCR-15291 2 165 35 25 19 10 11 2 6 1 29 73.3 9.1 MZUCR-15293 2 175 34 27 27 19 11 12 6 1 20 73.3 9.1 MZUCR-15293 2 167 41 25 25 19 10 12 6 1 30 87.2 9.6 MZUCR-15297 160 2 25 19 10	MZUCR-12357	2	160	40	25	25	19	10	12	2	5	1	35	36.7	5.5
MZUCR-15289 2 174 33 25 25 19 10 12 2 5 1 28 66.1 8 MZUCR-15290 2 172 34 27 27 19 10 12 2 6 1 28 78.8 9.2 MZUCR-15291 2 173 27 25 25 19 11 11 2 6 1 30 67.4 8 MZUCR-15292 2 165 35 25 19 10 11 2 6 1 29 73.3 9.1 MZUCR-15293 2 175 34 27 27 19 11 12 2 6 1 28 76.1 9.1 MZUCR-15295 2 167 41 25 25 19 10 10 2 6 1 30 87.2 9.6 MZUCR-15209 181 36 25	MZUCR-13920	2	168	33	25	25	19	11	13	2	7	1	30	17.5	2.5
MZUCR-15290 2 172 34 27 27 19 10 12 2 6 1 28 78.8 9.2 MZUCR-15291 2 173 27 25 25 19 11 11 2 6 1 30 67.4 8 MZUCR-15292 2 165 35 25 25 19 10 11 2 6 1 29 73.3 9.1 MZUCR-15293 2 175 34 27 27 19 11 12 2 6 1 28 22 3.5 MZUCR-15295 2 167 41 25 25 19 10 10 2 6 1 28 22 3.5 MZUCR-15297 2 181 36 25 25 19 10 10 2 6 1 30 87.2 9.6 MZUCR-15003 2 176	MZUCR-15286	2	176	37	21	27	19	10	12	2		1	28	22	4
MZUCR-15291 2 173 27 25 25 19 11 11 2 6 1 30 67.4 8 MZUCR-15292 2 165 35 25 25 19 10 11 2 6 1 29 73.3 9.1 MZUCR-15293 2 175 34 27 27 19 11 12 2 1 28 76.1 9.1 MZUCR-15295 2 167 41 25 25 19 0 11 2 6 1 28 22 3.5 MZUCR-15299 2 181 36 25 27 19 11 13 2 6 1 30 87.2 9.6 MZUCR-15303 2 176 35 25 25 19 10 10 2 5 1 38 42 6 MZUCR-18016 2 154 38	MZUCR-15289	2	174	33	25	25	19	10	12	2	5	1	28	66.1	8
MZUCR-15292 2 165 35 25 25 19 10 11 2 6 1 29 73.3 9.1 MZUCR-15293 2 175 34 27 27 19 11 12 2 7 1 28 76.1 9.1 MZUCR-15295 2 167 41 25 25 19 10 12 2 6 1 28 22 3.5 MZUCR-15297 2 160 29 23 25 19 9 11 2.5 1 29 22 4 3.2 MZUCR-15303 2 176 35 25 19 9 11 2.5 1 38 42 6 MZUCR-18016 2 154 38 25 25 19 9 11 2.7 1 34 36.1 5.3 MZUCR-18006 2 164 35 23 2.5	MZUCR-15290	2	172	34	27	27	19	10	12	2	6	1	28	78.8	9.2
MZUCR-15293 2 175 34 27 27 19 11 12 2 7 1 28 76.1 9.1 MZUCR-15295 2 167 41 25 25 19 10 12 2 6 1 28 22 3.5 MZUCR-15297 2 160 29 23 25 19 11 2 5 1 29 22 4 3.2 MZUCR-15209 2 181 36 25 27 19 11 13 2 6 1 30 22.2 2.4 MZUCR-15003 2 176 35 25 25 19 10 12 5 1 38 42 6 MZUCR-18016 2 164 35 23 25 19 10 12 5 1 34 36.1 5.3 MZUCR-1800 2 160 26 2	MZUCR-15291	2	173	27	25		19	11	11	2		1	30	67.4	8
MZUCR-15295 2 167 41 25 25 19 10 12 26 1 22 23 25 19 10 12 26 1 22 3.5 10 12 26 1 22 3.5 10 12 26 1 20 72 4 3.2	MZUCR-15292	2	165	35	25	25	19	10	11	2	6	1	29	73.3	9.1
MZICR-15297 2 160 29 23 25 19 9 11 2 5 1 29 22 4 3.2 MZUCR-15299 2 181 36 25 27 19 11 13 2 6 1 30 22.2 2.4 MZUCR-15303 2 176 35 25 25 19 10 10 2 6 1 30 87.2 9.6 MZUCR-18016 2 154 38 25 25 19 9 11 2 5 1 34 75.2 8.9 MZUCR-19018 2 165 38 27 25 19 9 11 2 5 1 4 75.2 8.9 MZUCR-19060 2 164 35 23 25 10 10 12 2 5 3 4 2.5 3 1 36 33.5 5 <td>MZUCR-15293</td> <td>2</td> <td>175</td> <td>34</td> <td>27</td> <td>27</td> <td>19</td> <td>11</td> <td>12</td> <td>2</td> <td>7</td> <td>1</td> <td>28</td> <td>76.1</td> <td>9.1</td>	MZUCR-15293	2	175	34	27	27	19	11	12	2	7	1	28	76.1	9.1
MZUCR-15299 2 181 36 25 27 19 11 13 2 6 1 30 22.2 2.4 MZUCR-15303 2 176 35 25 25 19 10 10 2 6 1 30 87.2 9.6 MZUCR-18016 2 154 38 25 25 19 9 11 2 5 1 38 42 6 MZUCR-18018 2 165 38 25 25 19 9 11 2 5 1 34 47.2 8.9 MZUCR-1800 2 160 26 25 25 19 10 12 7 1 436.1 5.3 MZUCR-1030 2 160 26 25 25 19 10 12 2 6 2 36 33.5 5 MZUCR-6998 2 167 42 25	MZUCR-15295	2	167	41	25	25	19	10	12	2	6	1	28	22	3.5
MZUCR-15303 2 176 35 25 25 19 10 10 2 6 1 30 87.2 9.6 MZUCR-18016 2 154 38 25 25 19 9 11 2 5 1 38 42 6 MZUCR-18018 2 165 38 25 25 19 9 11 2 5 1 34 475.2 8.9 MZUCR-19060 2 164 35 23 25 19 9 11 2 7 1 34 36.1 5.3 MZUCR-1034 2 160 26 25 10 10 12 2 2 34 22.5 3.1 MZUCR-6998 2 163 39 25 23 19 10 12 5 2 44 47.2 6.7 MZUCR-6999 2 167 42 25 19	MZUCR-15297	2	160	29	23	25	19	Q	11	2		1	29	22.4	32
MZUCR-18016 2 154 38 25 25 19 9 11 2 5 1 38 42 6 MZUCR-18018 2 165 38 25 25 19 10 12 2 6 1 34 75.2 8.9 MZUCR-19060 2 164 35 23 25 19 9 11 2 7 1 34 36.1 5.3 MZUCR-10060 2 160 26 25 25 19 10 12 2 5 2 34 22.5 3.1 MZUCR-1034 2 160 38 27 25 21 10 12 2 6 2 36 33.5 5 MZUCR-6998 2 167 42 25 25 19 11 11 2 5 2 31 18.4 3.5 MZUCR-76999 2 166	MZUCR-15299	2	181	36	25	27	19	11	13	2	6	1	30	22.2	2.4
MZUCR-18018 2 165 38 25 25 19 10 12 2 6 1 34 75.2 8.9 MZUCR-19060 2 164 35 23 25 19 9 11 2 7 1 34 36.1 5.3 MZUCR-180 2 160 26 25 25 19 10 12 2 5 2 34 22.5 3.1 MZUCR-1034 2 160 38 27 25 21 10 12 2 6 2 36 33.5 5 MZUCR-6998 2 163 39 25 23 19 10 12 5 2 48 47.2 6.7 MZUCR-6998 2 166 39 25 25 19 11 12 5 2 33 18.4 3.5 MZUCR-8065 2 166 39 25	MZUCR-15303	2	176	35	25	25	19	10	10	2		1	30	87.2	9.6
MZUCR-19060 2 164 35 23 25 19 9 11 2 7 1 34 36.1 5.3 MZUCR-180 2 160 26 25 25 19 10 12 2 5 2 34 22.5 3.1 MZUCR-1034 2 160 38 27 25 21 10 12 2 6 2 36 33.5 5 MZUCR-6998 2 163 39 25 23 19 10 12 2 6 2 36 33.5 5 MZUCR-6999 2 167 42 25 25 19 11 11 2 5 2 33 18.4 3.5 MZUCR-8065 2 166 39 25 25 19 10 12 5 2 34 50.7 8.8 MZUCR-80502 2 164 41	MZUCR-18016	2	154	38	25	25	19	9	11			1	38	42	6
MZUCR-180 2 160 26 25 25 19 10 12 2 5 2 34 22.5 3.1 MZUCR-1034 2 160 38 27 25 21 10 12 2 6 2 36 33.5 5 MZUCR-6998 2 163 39 25 23 19 10 12 2 6 2 48 47.2 6.7 MZUCR-6999 2 167 42 25 25 19 11 11 2.5 2 42 48.2 7 MZUCR-762 2 166 33 25 25 19 11 13 2 6 2 43 52.7 8.8 MZUCR-8065 2 166 39 25 25 19 10 12 2 6 2 43 52.7 8.8 MZUCR-13838 2 162 38	MZUCR-18018	2	165	38	25	25	19	10	12	2	6	1	34	75.2	8.9
MZUCR-1034 2 160 38 27 25 21 10 12 2 6 2 36 33.5 5 MZUCR-6998 2 163 39 25 23 19 10 12 2 6 2 48 47.2 6.7 MZUCR-6999 2 167 42 25 25 19 11 11 2 5 2 42 48.2 7 MZUCR-7762 2 166 33 25 25 19 9 11 2 6 2 43 52.7 8.8 MZUCR-8065 2 164 41 25 25 19 10 12 2 6 2 43 52.7 8.8 MZUCR-8592 2 164 41 25 2 5 10 12 2 6 2 34 59.2 9 MZUCR-13838 2 162 3	MZUCR-19060	2	164	35	23	25	19	9	11	2	-	1	34	36.1	5.3
MZUCR-6998 2 163 39 25 23 19 10 12 2 6 2 48 47.2 6.7 MZUCR-6999 2 167 42 25 25 19 11 11 2 5 2 42 48.2 7 MZUCR-7762 2 166 33 25 25 19 9 11 2.5 2 33 18.4 3.5 MZUCR-8065 2 166 39 25 25 19 11 13 2 6 2 43 52.7 8.8 MZUCR-8592 2 164 41 25 2.5 19 10 12 2 6 2 44 59.2 9 MZUCR-13838 2 162 38 25 25 19 10 12 2 6 2 33 16.5 2 MZUCR-13838 2 161 35	MZUCR-180	2	160	26	25	25	19	10	12	2	5	2	34	22.5	3.1
MZUCR-6999 2 167 42 25 25 19 11 11 2 5 2 42 48.2 7 MZUCR-7762 2 166 33 25 25 19 9 11 2 5 2 33 18.4 3.5 MZUCR-8065 2 166 39 25 25 19 11 13 2 6 2 43 52.7 8.8 MZUCR-8592 2 164 41 25 25 19 10 12 2 6 2 34 59.2 9 MZUCR-13838 2 162 38 25 25 19 10 12 2 6 2 38 33.6 5.2 MZUCR-13919 2 161 35 25 19 10 10 2 5 2 33 17.7 3.5 MZUCR-14009 2 164 40	MZUCR-1034	2	160	38	27	25	21	10	12	2	6	2	36	33.5	5
MZUCR-7762 2 166 33 25 25 19 9 11 2 5 2 33 18.4 3.5 MZUCR-8065 2 166 39 25 25 19 11 13 2 6 2 43 52.7 8.8 MZUCR-8592 2 164 41 25 25 19 10 12 2 6 2 33 3.6 5.2 9 MZUCR-13838 2 162 38 25 25 19 10 12 2 6 2 38 33.6 5.2 MZUCR-13838 2 161 35 25 5 19 10 12 2 6 2 38 33.6 5.2 MZUCR-13919 2 161 35 25 5 19 10 10 2 5 2 33 17.7 3.5 MZUCR-14609 2	MZUCR-6998	2	163	39	25	23	19	10	12	2		2	48	47.2	6.7
MZUCR-8065 2 166 39 25 25 19 11 13 2 6 2 43 52.7 8.8 MZUCR-8592 2 164 41 25 25 19 10 12 2 6 2 34 59.2 9 MZUCR-13838 2 162 38 25 25 19 10 12 2 6 2 34 59.2 9 MZUCR-13838 2 162 38 25 25 19 10 12 2 6 2 38 33.6 5.2 MZUCR-13919 2 161 35 25 19 10 10 2 5 2 33 17.7 3.5 MZUCR-14008 2 163 30 25 25 19 0 12 5 2 32 58 8.5 MZUCR-14609 2 164 40 25	MZUCR-6999	2	167	42	25	25	19	11	11	2	5	2	42	48.2	7
MZUCR-8592 2 164 41 25 25 19 10 12 2 6 2 34 59.2 9 MZUCR-13838 2 162 38 25 25 19 10 12 2 6 2 34 59.2 9 MZUCR-13838 2 162 38 25 25 19 10 12 2 6 2 38 33.6 5.2 MZUCR-13919 2 161 35 25 25 19 10 10 2 5 2 33 17.7 3.5 MZUCR-14108 2 163 39 25 25 19 10 10 2 5 2 32 58 8.5 MZUCR-14609 2 164 40 25 25 19 10 12 2 5 2 48 59 9	MZUCR-7762	2	166	33	25	25	19	9	11	2	5	2	33	18.4	3.5
MZUCR-13838 2 162 38 25 25 19 10 12 2 6 2 38 33.6 5.2 MZUCR-13919 2 161 35 25 25 19 10 10 2 5 2 33 17.7 3.5 MZUCR-14108 2 163 39 25 25 19 10 10 2 5 2 32 58 8.5 MZUCR-14609 2 164 40 25 25 19 10 12 2 5 2 48 59 9	MZUCR-8065	2	166	39	25	25	19	11	13	2		2	43	52.7	8.8
MZUCR-13919 2 161 35 25 25 19 10 10 2 5 2 33 17.7 3.5 MZUCR-14108 2 163 39 25 25 19 10 10 2 5 2 33 17.7 3.5 MZUCR-14108 2 163 39 25 25 19 11 2 5 2 32 58 8.5 MZUCR-14609 2 164 40 25 25 19 10 12 2 5 2 48 59 9	MZUCR-8592	2	164	41	25	25	19	10	12	2		2	34	59.2	9
MZUCR-14108 2 163 30 25 25 10 0 11 2 5 2 32 58 8.5 MZUCR-14609 2 164 40 25 25 19 10 12 2 5 2 48 59 9	MZUCR-13838	2	162	38	25	25	19	10	12	2	6	2	38	33.6	5.2
MZUCR-14609 2 164 40 25 25 19 10 12 2 5 2 48 59 9	MZUCR-13919	2	161	35	25	25	19	10	10	2	5	2	33	17.7	3.5
	MZUCR-14108	2	163	30	25	25	19	Q	11	2		2	32	58	8.5
MZUCR-15287 2 162 39 23 25 19 9 11 2 5 2 36 64.6 9	MZUCR-14609	2	164	40	25	25	19	10	12	2	5	2	48	59	9
	MZUCR-15287	2	162	39	23	25	19	9	11	2	5	2	36	64.6	9

CONTINUE TABLE 2.

Museum Catalog	Species	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
MZUCR-15288	2	170	39	25	25	19	10	12	2	5	2	39	65.2	9.1
MZUCR-15294	2	166	39	25	23	19	10	12	2	6	2	39	68	9.5
MZUCR-15296	2	168	44	25	25	19	10	12	2	6	2	31	23	3.2
MZUCR-15298	2	153	35	25	25	19	10	12	2	7	1	24	26.3	3.5
MZUCR-15300	2	145	28	23	25	19	10	10	2	4	2	32	21.6	3.8
MZUCR-15301	2	167	42	25	25	19	10	12	2	6	2	35	75.2	10.1
MZUCR-15302	2	166	37	21	23	19	9	11	2	6	2	27	62.5	8.6
MZUCR-15476	2	166	37	25	25	19	10	10	2	7	2	33	70.9	7.6
MZUCR-20838	2	161	35	25	25	19	9	11	2	5	2	33	45.5	6.6
CEREO-109	3	153	26	25	25	19	9	11	1	5	1	18	54	5
CEREO-115	3	162	32	25	25	19	11	13	1	5	1	19	73	7
CEREO-120	3	155	28	25	25	19	9	11	1	5	1	19	62	5
CEREO-213	3	156	23	23	23	19	10	12	1	5	1	23	54	4.2
CEREO-235	3	164	32	23	23	19	9	11	1	5	1	21	52	5.5
CEREO-329	3	154	29	23	25	19	9	11	1	5	1	26	62	5.3
NMNH-129876	3	165	33	25	25	19	9	11	1	5	1	17	50.9	4.8
NMNH-297735	3	161	32	25	27	21	10	14	1	6	1	20	21.5	2.2
CAS-21061	3	154	29	27	27	21	10	12	1	6	1	20	55.8	5.4
CAS-21062	3	155	31	27	25	19	10	12	1	5	1	16	35.8	3.2
MVZ-78766	3	153	33	25	25	19	9	11	1	5	1	18	39.2	4.8
FLMNH-39818	3	156	29	27	27	21	9	12	1	5	1	18	60.3	5.1
FLMNH-127697	3	159	31	27	25	19	9	12	1	5	1	22	55.6	4.7
FLMNH-74277	3	154	29	25	25	19	10	12	1	3	1	17	24.9	2.1
KU-112579	3	159	30	25	25	21	11	14	1	7	1	18	23.2	1.6
KU-112580	3	162	33	25	25	19	9	11	1	5	1	24	46.3	4.7
FMNH-Chi-68051	3	152	32	25	25	19	10	12	1	6	1	17	33.4	3.3
CEREO-112	3	147	26	23	23	19	9	11	1	5	2	27	45.7	4.5
CEREO-116	3	154	29	25	27	19	10	12	1	5	2	21	51	5.5
CEREO-118	3	158	31	25	25	21	10	12	1	5	2	18	57	5.5
NMNH-140676	3	154	34	25	25	19	9	12	1	5	2	18	45.9	3.6
CAS-98362	3	153	34	25	25	19	9	10	1	6	2	19	25.1	2.5
MVZ-83442	3	157	34	23	25	19	9	11	1	5	2	15	31.4	3.3
FLMNH-39819	3	155	34	23	23	19	9	11	1	5	2	18	42.3	4.5
KU-112588	3	149	31	25	25	19	9	11	1	5	2	17	41.6	4.1
KU-112578	3	158	34	÷.,	25	17	9	12	1	6	2	18	48.9	4.2
KU-112576	3	153	34	25	25	19	9	10	1	4	<u> </u>	19	38.4	3.9
MZUCR-11643	4	159	31	27	25	19	10	12	1	8	1	27	44.2	4.2
MZUCR-11644	4	161	19	27	23	19	9	11	1	6		24	45.4	3.4
MZUCR-11642	4	157	35	27	25	21	9	11	1	7	2	28	25.5	2.6
MZUCR-3310	5	144	27	25	25	21	10	12	1	5	2	19	29	3.6
MZUCR-3359	5	142	30	23	23	19 21	9	12	1	5	2	22	37.3	3.9
MZUCR-11479	5	140	31	25	23	21	10	12	1	7	2	21	20.1	2.1

CONTINUE TABLE 2.

RESULTS

Porthidium lansbergi and *Porthidium cf lansbergii* from Panama show great variation in meristic characters (Table 2). Briefly, ventral scales ranged, including both sexes, from 147 to 165 and caudal scales from 23 to 34. The mean (\pm S.E.) number of ventral scales is higher in females (157.3 \pm 1.0) than males (153.8 \pm 1.1), and the differences are statistically significant (Student t = 2.3, df = 25, p = 0.03). Conversely, males tend to have a slightly higher mean number of subcaudals (32.1 \pm 0.8) than females (30.1 \pm 0.6), but the differences were marginally significant (Student t = 1.8, df = 25, p = 0.08). Males are slightly smaller (mean: 42.7 \pm 2.9 cm) than females (mean: 47.2 \pm 3.6 cm), with no significant differences in their total length (F1,22 = 0.99, p = 0.33). Overall, body size did not differ among *P. lansbergii* individuals (F2,22 = 2.30, p = 0.12).

Dorsal patterns of *P. lansbergii* consist mostly of pairs of rectangular blotches that are mostly arranged alternately, at each side of the vertebral line. However, in a few individuals, blotches are placed opposite to each other. Coloration pattern and body hue vary slightly among individuals (Fig. 3), but not clear differences in coloration were observed among individuals from eastern, central, or western Panama. The number of body blotches ranged from 15 to 34 (Table 2), but no differences were observed in this variable between sexes (F1,22 = 0.09, p = 0.76), or among regions (F2,22 = 0.96, p = 0.39). Intersupraoculars, canthals, and the number of dorsal scale rows showed the lowest variation in our *P. lansbergii* sample.

Claudio Manuel Monteza-Moreno, et al. ON THE IDENTITY OF HOG-NOSED PIT-VIPERS FROM WESTERN PANAMA:...

A PCA performed over meristic characters allowed partial discrimination among some hog-nosed pitviper species (Fig. 4A). The first component accounts for 77.9% of the variance and mainly differentiated three groups: *P. ophryomegas, P. nasutum/P. porrasi, and P. lansbergii/P. volcanicum.* This component is correlated with ventral scale count (r = 0.92), and less strongly with number of subcaudals (r = 0.24), as well as the number of blotches (r = 0.28). The second component is accounts for 15.9% of the variation and is mainly explained by the number of blotches (r = 0.91), separating *P. lansbergii* from other species. No discrimination between *P nasutum* and *P. porrasi*

was possible from this data set; and *P. volcanicum* shares characteristics with *P. ophrymegas* and *P. lansbergii* (Fig. 4A). Our PCA results for *P. lansbergii* from Panama (Fig. 4B) accounted for 77% of the total variance with the first two components, suggesting a relatively high morphological overlapping among specimens from the three regions studied.

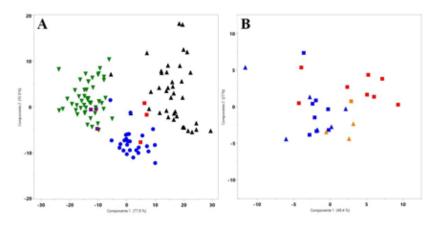
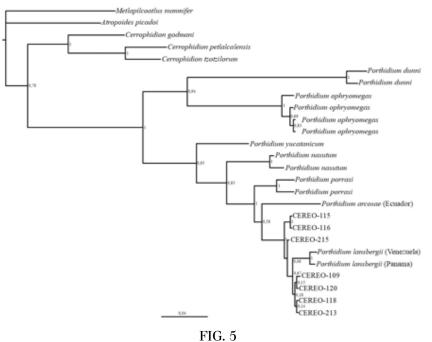


FIG. 4

Principal Component Analysis with Manhattan distance for all species in this study (A) (dark blue= P. lansbergii; green= P. nasutum; purple= P. porrasi; black= P. ophryomegas; and red = P. volcanicum) and (B) only for P. lansbergii specimens from Panama (Females=triangle, Males=squares; red=western, blue=central, orange=eastern Panama)

Our phylogenetic analyses recovered a partial phylogeny of *Porthidium* that is consistent with previous reconstructions of hog-nosed pit-viper phylogenies (Fig. 5). Briefly, an early divergence produces two main clusters, one including *P. dunni* and *P. ophryomegas*, and the other includes *P. yucatanicum* as the sister taxon of a clade including *P. nasutum/P. porrasi* and *P. lansbergii*. Further, *P. lansbergii* comprises a monophyletic group that includes both western, central and eastern Panama specimens, as well as the individual from Venezuela. Therefore, the enigmatic western Panama specimens are identified as members of this species.



Phylogram Phylogenetic tree constructed based on Bayesian inference

DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSIONS

Campbell and Lamar (1989, 2004), and Kohler (2003) provided several records of *P. lansbergii* in Panama as part of their claim that it was restricted to the central and eastern half of the country. Ray and Knight (2013) considered the distribution of *P. lansbergii* throughout the Pacific slope of Panama, but localities or records were not given. Our extensive literature search recovered records, omitted in previous reviews, of this species from the western Pacific slope of Panama. For instance, Dunn (1949) mentioned specimens described as Bothrops (*=Porthidium*) *lansbergii* collected in localities within the Cocle-Herrera region. Recently, the species was reported by Martínez-Cortés et al (2005) in 'El Montuoso' Forest Reserve in the Herrera province and by Monteza-Moreno, C. M. (pers. obs., 2017) in the locality of Mariato, Veraguas Province. Furthermore, museum records and new collections of

individuals show that this species inhabit in the provinces of Chiriqui and Veraguas. The distribution of the nominal P. lansbergii in Lower Central America extends to the western Pacific of Panama (Fig. 1). Thus, since our records lie near the border of Costa Rica, the species could potentially occur there.

Despite putative differences in coloration patterns, we cannot distinguish enigmatic individuals from those identified as *P. lansbergii* from central and eastern Panama based in scutellation. In addition, our phylogenetic analysis clearly supports the monophyly of *P. lansbergii* from Panama, and does not provide any evidence for the existence of multiple lineages within the nominal species in this country. However, our dataset does not include specimens from the entire distribution range of *P. lansbergii* and the fact that the species shifts its distribution from the Pacific slopes in Panama to the Atlantic in Colombia up to Venezuela is interesting and warrants further scrutiny.

Two other members of Porthidium are also know to occur in Panama: *P. nasutum*, and *P. volcanicum*. The first one inhabits the humid environments along the Caribbean lowlands and piedmonts, crossing to the Pacific side in Darien; therefore, it is allopatric to *P. lansbergii* populations. Porthidium. volcanicum, a species ostensibly endemic to a small area in Costa Rica, was reported in Boquete, Chiriquí, in western

Claudio Manuel Monteza-Moreno, et al. ON THE IDENTITY OF HOG-NOSED PIT-VIPERS FROM WESTERN PANAMA:...

Panama (Dwyer and Van den Burgh, 2012). It is likely that this species can be sympatric with *P. lansbergii*; however, further studies are required to depict distribution ranges for both species.

Our data showed that ventral scale counts and number of blotches are sufficient to distinguish among hognosed pit-vipers' species. Differences in ventral scales, and subtle color variation, were used to distinguish three subspecies of Porthidium lansbergii (Roze, 1959; Peters, 1968; Sandner-Montilla, 1989; Fuentes and Rodriguez 1997). However, our data suggest a great variation in meristic characters, including a higher ventral scale range than considered in these studies. Additional studies are highly recommended for a comprehensive understanding of the variability in morphological traits across the species geographic distribution. Moreover, since the species occurs in

seasonally-dry and humid environments along its distribution, it is possible that variation in scutellation characters results from environmentally driven effects, as it has been observed in other wide ranged snakes. For instance, Saldarriaga-Córdoba et al. (2009) found that geographic variation of dorsal blotches, ventral scales and other meristic characters in Bothrops asper correlates to external factors, such as latitude, the number of dry months, and precipitation. *P. lansbergii*, as well as *P. nasutum* which also shifts its distribution from the Atlantic into the Pacific in eastern Panama down to Ecuador, provides an ideal opportunity to understand morphometric responses to environmental variables.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We thank Nimiadina Herrera, Oris Sanjur, and Ángel Aguirre for logistic support in the Smithsonian Tropical Research Institute molecular lab and library; Criselda Castillo and Alonso Santos from the University of Panama for helping with technical support and photographing the specimens; Fabián Bonilla for logistic support during C.M.M-M. visits to Costa Rica and Monica Saldarriaga for helping with the Bayesian phylogenetic analysis. We are grateful to the University of Panama, Smithsonian Tropical Research Institute, and especially Anthony Coates for the funding provided for this research, including research supplies and visits to the National Museum of Natural History in Washington DC, American Museum of Natural History in New York, and the 'Museo de Zoologia' of the University of Costa Rica in San Jose. We also like to acknowledge each of the institutions/museums, the curators, and especially to the Herpetology Division at the Museum Support Center of the NMNH for all support provided with the logistic to borrow specimens from the different museums and during C.M.M-M visits to the museum. This project was approved by the Vice-chancellor of Research and Grad Studies of the University of Panama, with registration code: VIP-01-04-00-05-2011-13.

References

- Campbell, J. A. & W. W. Lamar. 1989. The venomous reptiles of Latin America. Cornell University Press, Ithaca, New York, United States.
- Campbell, J. A., D. R. Frost, & T. A. Castoe. 2019. New generic name for jumping pitvipers (Serpentes: Viperidae). Revista Latinoamericana de Herpetologia 2: 52:53.
- Castoe, T., M. Sasa, & C. L. Parkinson. 2005. Modeling nucleotide evolution at the mesoscale: The phylogeny of the Neotropical pitvipers of the Porthidium group (Viperidae: Crotalinae). Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution 37: 881-898.
- Chippindale, P.T., A. H. Price, J. J. Wiens, & D. M. Hillis. 2000. Phylogenetic relationships and systematics revision of central Texas hemidactyliine plethodontid salamanders. Herpetological Monographs 14: 1-80.
- Cope, E. D. 1871. Ninth contribution to the herpetology of tropical America. Proceedings of the Academy of Natural Sciences Philadelphia, 23: 200-224.
- Dunn, E. R. 1949. Relative abundance of some Panamanian snakes. Ecology 30(1): 39-57.

- Dwyer. Q., & J. Van Den Burgh. 2012. Geographic distribution: Serpentes: Porthidium volcanicum. Herpetological Review 43(2): 308
- Fuentes, O., & A. Rodríguez-Acosta. 1997. On the genera Bothriechis, Bothriopsis, Bothrops and Porthidium (Serpentes: Crotalidae) in Venezuela. Keys of biomedical interest for their identification. Acta Biologica Venezuelica 17: 31-38.
- JMP[®], Version 13, SAS Institute Inc., Cary, NC, 1989-2019.
- Köhler, G. 2003. Reptiles of Central America. Herpeton, Offenbach, Germany.
- Palumbi, S. R. 1996. Nucleic acids II: The polymerase chain reaction. Pp. 205-247. In D.M. Hillis, C. Moritz, and B. K. Mable, Molecular Systematic. Sinauer Association, Sunderland, Massachusetts, United States.
- Porras, L., J. R. McCranie, & L. D. Wilson. 1981. The systematics and distribution of the hognose viper Bothrops nasuta Bocourt (Serpentes: Viperidae). Tulane Stud. Zool. Bot. 22: 85-107.
- Qiagen, A. G. 2006. DNeasy© blood and tissue handbook. Qiagen AG, Hombrechtikon, Switzerland.
- Ray, J. M. & Knight, J. L. 2013. The venomous snakes and their mimics of Panama and Costa Rica: Las culebras venenosas y sus mimicas de Panama y Costa Rica. Team Snake Panama.
- Martínez-Cortés, V., A. Rodríguez, & C. Garibaldi. 2005. Inventario de reptiles en los bosques secundarios de la reserva forestal El Montuoso, Provincia de Herrera, Panama. In: Garibaldi, C. (eds) Diversidad biologica y servicios ambientales de los fragmentos de bosque en la reserve forestal El Montuoso, Panama, pp 119 127
- Roze, J., 1959. Taxonomic Notes on a collection of Venezuelan reptiles in the American Museum of Natural History. American Museum Novivates 1934: 1-14.
- Saldarriaga-Córdoba, M. M., M. Sasa, R. Pardo, & M. A. Méndez. 2009. Phenotypic differences in a cryptic predator: Factors influencing morphological variation in the terciopelo Bothrops asper (Garman, 1884; Serpentes: Viperidae). Toxicon 54(7): 923-937.
- Sandner-Montilla, F. 1989. Una nueva especie de Bothrops lansbergii de la familia Crotalidae. Memorias Científicas de Ofidiología 9: 1-16.
- Savage, J. M., 2002. The amphibians and reptiles of Costa Rica: a herpetofauna between two continents, between two seas. University of Chicago press.
- Campbell, J. A. & W. W. Lamar. 2004. The venomous reptiles of the western hemisphere. Cornell University Press, Ithaca, New York, United States.